

Cervical Cancer Prevention UAE Experience



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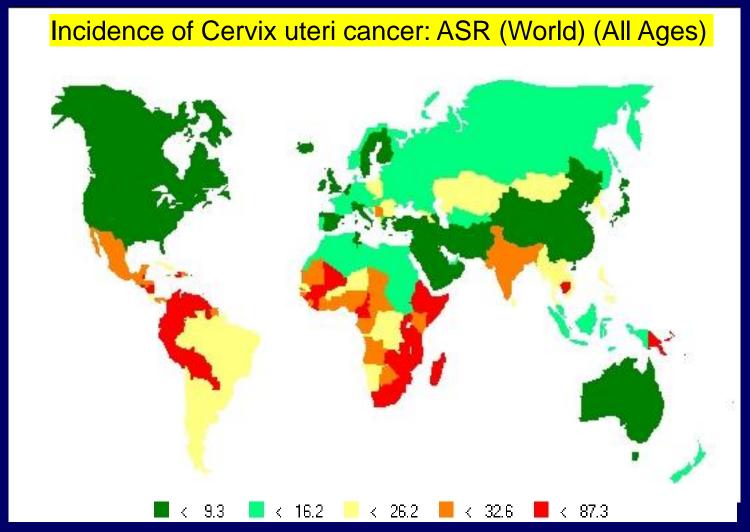
Introduction:

- 1- The story of Cervical Cancer
- 2- HPV as a cause of Cervical Cancer
- 3- Cancers caused by HPV
- 4- HPV Vaccines available in the market
- 5- UAE experience
- 6- Conclusions

Case sharing:

- 30 YO G10P9, presented with stage III cervical cancer
- Radio-Chemotherapy
- Residual progressive disease
- Offered further Chemotherapy / exentration
- Admitted lately with advanced stage
- Died at the age of 32 with nine children around her?

Every Day, 800 Women Die from Cervical Cancer



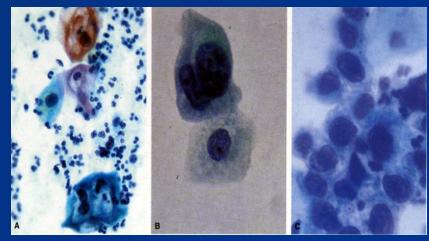
Primary Prevention

SCREENING - Pap Smear



The Pap test examines a cellular sample derived from exfoliated or mechanically dislodged cells of the cervix, vagina, and in some cases, endometrium.

These cells are then examined by light microscopy.





2- Collecting the smear: Knowledge, Attitude & Practice of UAE female primary care physicians on cervical screening

Badrinath P, Ghazal-Aswad S, Osman N, Deemas E, McIlvenny S.

A study of knowledge, attitude, and practice of cervical screening among female primary care physicians in the United Arab Emirates.

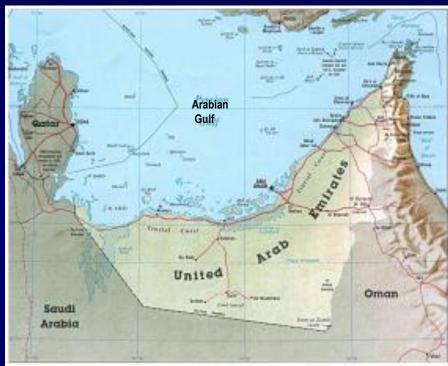
Health Care Women International 2004; 27:663-670

3- Cytology & Pathology Services

4- Management of Abnormal smear:

COLPOSCOPY SERVICES IN UNITED ARAB EMIRATES





J Low Genit Tract Dis. 2006 Jul;10(3):151-5.



5- Management of Cervical Cancer Tawam Hospital Experience 1980-1998





7- Prevalence of cervical abnormalities among women in The United Arab Emirates





Cervical smear abnormalities in the United Arab Emirates — a pilot study in the Arabian Gulf.

Acta Cytol. 2006 Jan-Feb;50(1):41-7.

Prevalence of Chlamydia

- 1039 women approached
- 919 (88%) agreed to participate
- The overall prevalence 2.6%





National workshop on Cervical Cancer Prevention & Control in UAE 21 - 22 September 2004 Published EMJ,



WHO Collaborating Centre
For Research in Human Reproduction





The Nobel Assembly at
Karolinska Institute
has decided on 6 October
2008 to award
The Nobel Prize in

Physiology or Medicine for 2008 with one half to

Harald zur Hausen

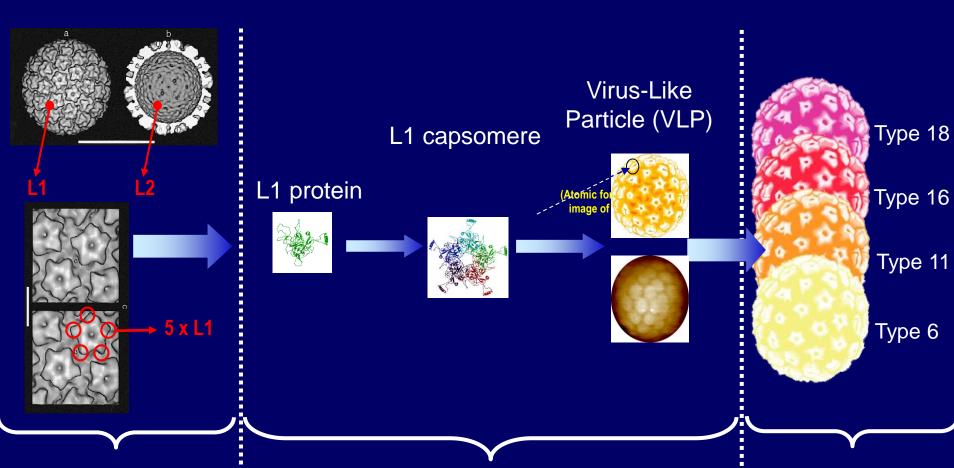
for his discovery of

"human papilloma
viruses causing cervical
cancer"

HPV vaccine available:

- 1- Cancers caused by HPV
- 2- HPV Vaccines: Bi-valent & quadri-valent
- 3- HPV9
- 4- therapeutic HPV vaccine

The vaccine mimics the virus shell



<u>HPV virus :</u>

L1 = external protein

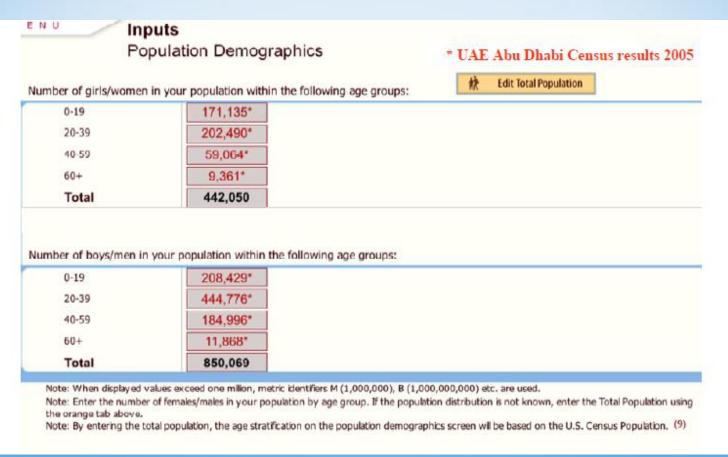
L2 = internal protein

Production in yeast (Quadrivalent) or baculovirus (Bi-valent) Production in yeast (nineivalent) 6/11/16/18/31/33/45/52/58.

HPV VLP vaccine

Vaccine Implementation process in United Aeab Emirates

- Total UAE population estimate in 2005 is 4,320,000**.
- Females represent 32.4% of the total population,
- of which females of 9-26 years of age represent 10%**.(432,000)



Burden Assessment

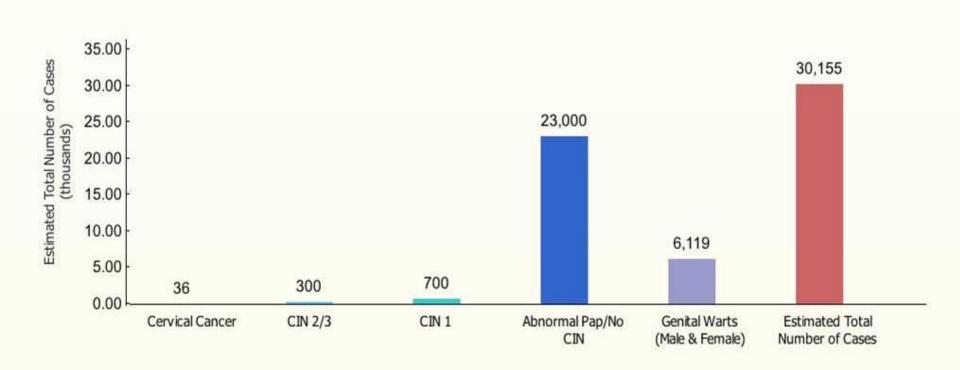
MENU

Results

Estimated Total Number of Cases

Burden of Illness of Cervical Abnormalities and Anogenital Warts over 1 year(s)





Note: When displayed values exceed one million, metric identifiers M (1,000,000), B (1,000,000,000) etc. are used.

Note: RRP and Head and Neck Cancers as well as Vulvar, Vaginal, Penile and Anal Cancers are not included in the tool, nor are indirect costs. The results shown are based on the incidence rates entered in the configuration screen and data entered in the input section of the tool.

Considerations: Target Population

- HPV vaccine is most efficacious when administered prior to marriage / being sexually active.
- The primary cohort for HPV vaccine should be selected based on:
 - Age of marriage,
 - Feasibility of reaching young adolescent girls by vaccine delivery setting
- Options for vaccine delivery strategies
 - School-based program: Abu Dhabi UAE, Australia, Canada, New Zealand, Norway, Romania, Sweden and United Kingdom
 - Health-care facility-based program: Belgium, Denmark, France,
 Germany, Macedonia and United States
 - Community-based program

Optimal Timing for Primary Prevention is Before Exposure

"...HPV infection is sexually transmitted and is usually acquired within the first few years following sexual debut."

"Ideally, therefore, the vaccine should be administered before sexual debut, i.e., before any risk of exposure to HPV."

World Health Organization¹

Considerations: Vaccine Acceptance

- Vaccine uptake success will depend on <u>acceptance</u> by the community, health care providers and parents/guardians.
- Studies have demonstrated that <u>knowledge</u> of cervical cancer as a preventable disease is low among the general public
- Targeted educational campaigns can help to understand the benefits of HPV vaccination and address concerns
- Providing the <u>following information</u> can increase acceptability:
 - Stress the prevention of HPV-related diseases cervical cancer and genital warts.
 - Safety and efficacy of the vaccine
 - Endorsement by health authorities

- A survey conducted in UAE n Oct-Nov 2006 reveled that
 - 45 % of UAE respondent mothers are highly willing to vaccinate their daughters
 - 60 % of UAE respondent mothers are highly willing to take the vaccination themselves
 - 80% of young adult UAE females are willing to take the vaccine
 - The major reason for willing of vaccination was for prevention of cervical cancer & HPV infection (50-70%)
- Similar study conducted on a sample of Abu Dhabi High school female students & partners show that 94 % partners opted yes to implementation of the vaccine program

Abu Dhabi HPV vaccination Program implementation

- Date: Initiated in March 2008
- Delivery: Emirate wide, School-based Program, utilizing the existing school vaccination program
- Target population: all female students in Grade 11 enrolled in government or private schools (mean age 16-17 years)
- Free of charge for nationals, with small copayment for non-nationals (50 Dhs./ about 15 USD for the three doses)
- Quadrivalent HPV vaccine adopted initially

HAAD Key Initiatives

Media Coverage



The scourge of piracy

A US-flagged ship is attacked by pirates for the first time in nearly 200 years as naval patrols prove ineffective against determined Somali operatives in fair weather and flagginately waters.

Today's paper



Read the newspaper as it was printed

Programme to vaccinate schoolgirls extended

Milys Underwood Led Updated April 11 2009 6/30AM UAS / April 11 2009 4/30AM OAT

ABU DetABLIF Building on the success of a plot programme last year, the Health Authority-Abu Dhabe is offering vaccinations for central cancer to girls at all schools in the emirate.

Almost 6, 000 girls aged
17 were inoculated last
year, and a further 4,000
have received the first
dose of the Gardanil
have received the search
this year. The
three-dose vaccinations
this year. The
three-dose vaccinations
administrator
papillonavirus, or HPV. Assidos Binelos I Reuters

by school rurses, required the consent of the girls and their parents or guardians. The scheme was so successful – about 70 per cert of the girls chose to be vaccinated – that the health authority will now edend it to both povernment and market achood.

The injections are free for Emiratis, expatriates pay a fee of Dh50 (US\$14) for the

Other UAE stories

- Dh50m boost for amateur football
- · Emirates Airline incident 'a near disaster'
- · Oales batter the UAE
- . Rider delayed over US visa
- . Online Government guestions welcomed
- . RTA seeks to tighten minibus licensing

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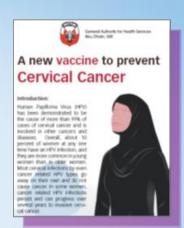
- Dh50m boost for amateur football.
- Emirates Airline incident 'a near disaster'
- Gales batter the UAE
- . State of emergency, profesters grab tanks.
- Dubai rallies to three month high.
- First Sowwah bridges near completion
 Mclirov can swing it to win it, says Player

Your View

What special training should minibus drivers

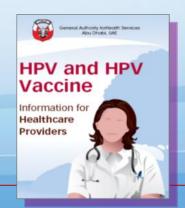
Public Education

- Cervical cancer and other HPV diseases
- Culturally sensitive information



CME Events:

- June 2007 & October 2007
- Engagements of 300 HCP
- Local and international speakers





Uptake of HPV Vaccine – Abu Dhabi

- The uptake over the years 2008-2011 is generally satisfactory and comparable to that in countries that have implement the program
- The uptake is generally higher in government schools (63 %) than in private schools (21%)
- The uptake in national girls (74%) exceeds that of nonnational girls (29%) in governmental schools; but the difference is much smaller in private schools (23% and 21% respectively)

Introduction of Cervical Cancer Screening in AD 2013

Facts, United Arab Emirates

70% of cervical cancer cases are diagnosed at a late stage and are therefore not curable.

There is an urgent need to increase rates of cervical cancer prevention and early detection.





Who is eligible for cervical screening?

All women between the ages of 25 and 65 are eligible for a cervical screening test every 3-5 years.

| When a cervical screening test should be done | |
|---|---|
| Age group (years) | Frequency of screening |
| 25 | First invitation |
| 25 - 49 | 3 yearly |
| 50 - 64 | 5 yearly |
| 65+ | Only screen those who have not been screened since age 50 or have had recent abnormal tests |



HAAD Recommendations For Cervical Cancer Control

PREVENTION

HPV vaccine

 All girls and young women, 15–26 years. Once per life time

SCREENING

Pap test

- Women aged 25-49 years, Every three years
- Women aged 50–65 years Every five years



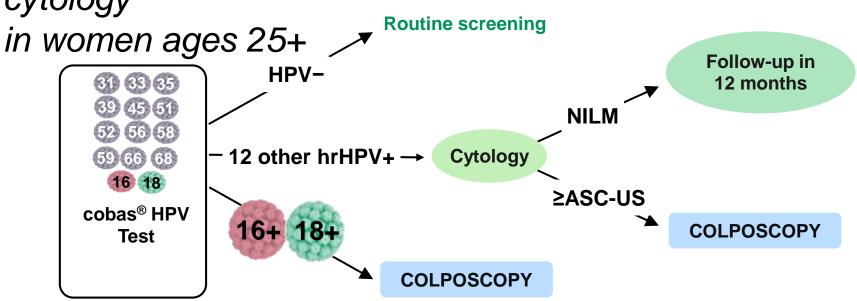




Future / Soon plan

Screening Strategies: HPV Primary Screening Algorithm

cobas® HPV Test with HPV 16/18 genotyping and reflex cytology



This cobas® HPV Test was approved for use in this strategy by the FDA in April 2014



U.S. Food and Drug Administration Protecting and Promoting Your Health

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FDA News Release

FDA approves Gardasil 9 for prevention of certain cancers caused by five additional types of HPV

For Immediate Release

December 10, 2014

Release

Español

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration today approved Gardasil 9 (Human Papillomavirus 9-valent Vaccine, Recombinant) for the prevention of certain diseases caused by nine types of Human Papillomavirus (HPV). Covering nine HPV types, five more HPV types than Gardasil (previously approved by the FDA), Gardasil 9 has the potential to prevent approximately 90 percent of cervical, vulvar, vaginal and anal cancers.

Final Summary

- Cervical cancer Is preventable disease
- HPV vaccine (HPV 4 / HPV 9) should be offered to all young girls before starting sexual activities
- The ideal time is 9-13 year old with two doses
- In AD/UAE, we have an excellent HPV vaccination program and started Screening by smear program
- BUT we are planning to move to HPV 9 soon, possible 2 doses
- And will move to HPV primary screening with smear triaging soon.

Case sharing:

- 30 YO G10P9 sented with stage ervical cancer
- Radio-Che
- Residual progre
- Offered further Cb
- Admitted late
- Died at the her?

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Thank you!



